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3	The State Board of Elections board meeting was held Friday, March 23, 2018. The
4	meeting was held in the East Reading Room in the Patrick Henry Building in Richmond,
5	Virginia.
6	In attendance, representing the State Board of Elections (the Board) were James
7	Alcorn, Chairman; Clara Belle Wheeler, Vice-Chair; and Singleton McAllister, Secretary.
8	Also in attendance, representing the Department of Elections (ELECT) was Chris Piper,
9	Commissioner; Jessica Bowman, Deputy Commissioner; and Anna Birkenheier, Assistant
10	Attorney General. Chairman Alcorn called the meeting to order at 11:11AM.
11	Chairman Alcorn introduced Commissioner Piper and Secretary of Administration
12	Keyanna Connor. Commissioner Piper introduced Deputy Commissioner Bowman, who
13	began with ELECT on February 1, 2018, and Dave Nichols, the Director of Election
14	Services of ELECT. Ms. Birkenheier introduced Stephen Cobb, the new Deputy for the
15	Division of Financial Law and Government Support Section with the Office of the Attorney
16	General.
17	The first order of business was the approval of Board minutes. Secretary
18	McAllister motioned the Board approve the minutes in block. Vice Chair Wheeler
19	seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously.
20	The next order of business was the Commissioner's report, presented by
21	Commissioner Piper. The Commissioner informed the Board of a communication from
22	ELECT to the elections community, notifying the community of new hires at ELECT.
23	These hires included Gary Finch, a former contractor at ELECT who will be working on
24	an investment management project; Alanna McCann, the Election Services Program
25	Specialist, who will provide support to the Election Services team; Matthew Hayes, the
26	Support Analyst, who will be diagnosing and assisting with VERIS help tickets; and
27	Matthew Abell, the Election Administrator, who worked with ELECT from 2000-2015
28	before working in a local office.

Commissioner Piper noted legislative session was wrapping up, and that there were no major legislative changes made that would impact the elections community. The Commissioner mentioned that on July 1, 2018, §24.2-671.1 would go into effect, and that

ELECT was working with a variety of groups to determine what election officials will need to do as far as conducting annual audits and preparing localities to implement the changes proposed by the bill. Commissioner Piper said ELECT was including localities in the discussion and in the plan to make these changes. The Commissioner also mentioned the Omnibus bill in Congress, which passed and would grant \$308 million for elections and election security, including money for audits for states.

Commissioner Piper laid out his vision for the agency for the next four years, beginning with an improvement in communication in ELECT, both internally and externally. The Commissioner stated internally there would be better day-to-day management for staff and their tasks, including the increased use of the liaison division to communicate directly with localities to provide more timely information. ELECT will be implementing a program for ELECT staff to respond to any communications within 24 hours. ELECT staff will also be improving the foundation of VERIS, including an investment management program. The Commissioner stated that ELECT was working closely with localities, the Virginia Electoral Board Association (VEBA), and the Voter Registrars Association of Virginia (VRAV), to improve annual training to be more targeted, timely, and to identify communications, policies, or documents that are not clear or effective. The Commissioner shared that Deputy Commissioner Bowman is leading a project to review all of ELECT's policies, regulations, documents, and forms, for updates or improvements that need to be implemented.

Chairman Alcorn thanked the Commissioner, and showed appreciation for the focus on communication. Secretary McAllister noted the past election year had interesting moments and that she is looking forward to keeping Virginia up to date with election law, cyber security, and other important issues.

The next order of business was a review of ballot standards, presented by Samantha Buckley, ELECT Policy Analyst. Ms. Buckley stated that in the fall of 2017 it was decided the ballot standards needed to be updated and redesigned. Ms. Buckley presented the updated ballot standards, noting the new standards did not include significant changes but accounted for changes in the Code, the decertification of direct-recording electronic machines (DREs) in 2017, and other changes. Ms. Buckley shared that ELECT worked

with the vendors, general registrars, and the Center for Civic Design (CCD) on the revised standards.

ELECT recommended the Board approve and immediately implement the proposed standards and the revised 501 (Certificate of Candidate Qualification) included in the working papers. Commissioner Piper clarified that the new ballot standards would not go into effect until the November 2018 election, so would not have to be implemented in the June primary. Ms. Buckley noted the inclusion of a waiver that would permit localities to request a waiver to the ballot standards if there are usability issues found (i.e. ballot order). The waiver would need approval from the Commissioner, with each request considered on a case-by-case basis. It was asked that the Board give the Commissioner the power to approve these waivers.

Chairman Alcorn voiced approval for the new standards, finding them easy to read and interpret. The Chairman asked why there was no font size minimum stated in the standards, and suggested changing the word "expiry" to something more accessible. Vice Chair Wheeler suggested the use of "expires" in its stead. Chairman Alcorn also noted a typo on one of the pages, but congratulated ELECT on the overall effectiveness, usability, and quality of the standards.

Vice Chair Wheeler suggested the Board hear from the electoral board members and general registrars present at the meeting on their thoughts regarding the new standards, and Secretary McAllister seconded the suggestion. Kate Hanley, electoral board member from Fairfax County, stated that the County has to print every ballot in four languages; because of this requirement, Ms. Hanley hoped there could be flexibility within the standards to account for the need to rearrange for ballot order and length.

Commissioner Piper stated he spoke with Cameron Sasnett, the Fairfax County general registrar, about these issues, and that this conversation is what led to the proposed waiver Ms. Buckley discussed. Chairman Alcorn asked that if the Commissioner approved a waiver, a report is given to the Board so if the issue is seen a number of times, the standards can be updated accordingly.

Gary Fox, Customer Service Manager at PrintELECT, said that PrintELECT had the opportunity to give input on these ballot standards and were confident that the vendors

could comply and work with localities such as Fairfax County to adhere to the standards.

Mr. Fox voiced PrintELECT's appreciation for the new proposed standards.

Stephanie Iles, City of Norfolk General Registrar, asked if their ballots would have to be changed due to the use of rectangles for voting as opposed to circles, and when the new standards would have to be implemented. Mr. Fox assured Ms. Iles that PrintELECT spoke with the City of Norfolk's vendor and ensured that the circles on ballots be recommendations rather than requirements so the vendor would not have to be recertified. Ms. Buckley stated that rectangles could be used rather than circles, and stated the new standards would not be implemented until the November general election so localities can check on any changes that would need to be made with their vendors.

Chairman Alcorn brought the discussion back to the issue of font size, requesting the Board set a Board requirement for a minimum font size. Vice Chair Wheeler agreed that the size needed to be standardized. The Chairman suggested a requirement for size 10 font, but a recommendation for size 12. Ms. Buckley noted in the ballot standards that font size 12 is a best practice, and that the Code stated the smallest font size is no less than 10. Vice Chair Wheeler stated the Board should recommend that font size 12 should be used unless it will create a problem with ballot length, as long as it doesn't contradict the Code. The Chairman asked what the impact of that would be. Ms. Buckley said it was important to consider how the font size could impact ballot length. Commissioner Piper said font size 12 should be a best practice, but not a requirement, and that impact would be minimal.

Dianna Mormont, James City County General Registrar, asked if going to font size 12 would be a recommendation for localities' bookkeeping at the bottom of ballots as well; Ms. Mormont explained that at the bottom of the ballot is information strictly for the office, and asked if the font size being discussed would be applicable to that type as well. Chairman Alcorn suggested doing a Board requirement that font not go below size 10 font, but a Board recommendation the font not go below size 12. Vice Chair Wheeler asked Ms. Mormont if the office type was currently at size 10, and Ms. Mormont said it was. Vice Chair Wheeler suggested that any office information meet the size 10 requirement, but that any information for the voter meet the size 12 recommendation.

Walt Latham, York County General Registrar, noted that the forms workgroup reviewed the standards and discussed developing a checklist in coming months that could

address missing gaps such as the font size issue. Chairman Alcorn reviewed the changes to the standards the Board discussed, and moved *to adopt the standards and the form as presented by staff with the recommended changes*. Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously.

The next order of business was to review the Electoral College Candidate qualification forms. Ms. Birkenheier stated that changes from the consent decree passed would affect the petition of qualified voters for electors and the qualification forms for electors. The specific changes included the removal of the last four numbers of a voters' social security numbers on the petition, which would be replaced with the voters' date of birth. Changes on the certificate of candidate qualification included the statement that forms could be returned directly to ELECT.

Chairman Alcorn stated that the Board agreeing to the consent decree obligated the Board to implementing these changes. Vice Chair Wheeler asked why the last four numbers of a social security number were being removed from a form for someone requesting to be an elector. Ms. Birkenheier clarified that the full social security number for the elector is still required on the form, but that the last four numbers of a social security number from a voter signing a petition was being replaced with the voters' date of birth. Ms. Birkenheier stated the last four numbers of a social security number were optional for voters signing the petition, and that providing the voters' date of birth would also be optional. Vice Chair Wheeler asked how petition signatures could be verified with only a name, address, and possibly a date of birth. Ms. Birkenheier suggested the Board go into closed session if they wanted to discuss details, because of litigation. Vice Chair Wheeler asked if the Board could table the topic and go into closed session after other items on the agenda were covered.

Chairman Alcorn asked Ms. Birkenheier if the Board had any discretion in this topic after the consent decree. Ms. Birkenheier said no. The Chairman said the Board could have a discussion if desired, but had an obligation to abide by the legal binding decree. The Chairman moved the Board approve the amendments to form SBE-543 and form SBE-501, sub-paragraph 1/543 as presented to the Board. Secretary McAllister seconded the motion. Vice Chair Wheeler voted nay, and the motion passed 2:1.

The next order of business was Stand by Your Ad (SBYA) procedures, presented by Arielle Schneider, ELECT Policy Analyst. Ms. Schneider reviewed the procedure for SBYA; Ms. Schneider explained that any complaint received by ELECT would have a copy provided to the Board within 1 week of receipt. Within 1 week of receipt, ELECT would review the complaint for sufficiency and completeness, and decide if it violates SBYA. In 2015, the Board decided in order for a complaint to be considered complete, it would need to include the name of both the person bringing the complaint and the sponsor; the statement of the alleged violation; and evidence, such as photographic evidence. ELECT would give notice of the date of the hearing, if the Board has one, to the complainant, as well as to the accused. ELECT would provide the accused with a copy of the complaint and evidence as well. ELECT would prepare materials that would outline the complaint, evidence, and provide a staff recommendation. The procedures outline that ELECT would require no fewer than 14 (fourteen) days before the hearing to provide the Board with materials. ELECT also requested that the date would be given to the complainant and accused no later than 14 days before the hearing.

Chairman Alcorn thanked ELECT for their work. The Chairman asked the Board if the Board would consider anonymous complaints, given that the complainant provides enough evidence to support their claim. Vice Chair Wheeler said verifying an anonymous complaint could be an issue, but if all of the needed information is provided, saw no reason against anonymity. Ms. Birkenheier informed the Board there was no legal Code requirement for a complainant's identity. Secretary McAllister asked how many anonymous complaints ELECT had received, and Ms. Schneider responded that ELECT hadn't seen any but also has no way of tracking them if they're anonymous. Ms. Schneider noted if a complaint came in incomplete, under these procedures, ELECT would reach out to the complainant for more details. However, if a complaint comes anonymously, there would be no way to complete the complaint.

Chairman Alcorn asked for the statement in the procedures that ELECT would provide the Board with complaints that are not violations of SBYA be clarified. Ms. Schneider suggested changing the language so it would state that ELECT would provide the Board with complaints alleging violations of §24.2-9.3 and §24.2-9.4, with the staff recommendation that the Board not have a hearing. Vice Chair Wheeler agreed, stating

the Board may not need a hearing but would still know what's going on. Chairman Alcorn requested the language say the complaints with recommendation of no hearing are not in the scope of §24.2-9.5 rather than within the scope of 9.3 and 9.4, and Ms. Schneider agreed to the request.

Vice Chair Wheeler stated the importance of the Board's receipt of complaints, and Ms. Schneider agreed to the importance of transparency via inclusivity. Chairman Alcorn discussed the statement in the procedures outlining that complaints received 30 days before an election will be heard by the Board, and complaints received less than 30 days before an election will be heard after the election; the Chairman asked if that procedure was okay with the Board. Vice Chair Wheeler stated most violations occur in the last days before an election and raised concern that if a candidate is violating SBYA, it should be addressed before an election. Chairman Alcorn acknowledged the concerns, but suggested the Board go by this timeline and monitor it to see if the 30 days need to be shortened.

Vice Chair Wheeler suggested the Board use the 30-day timeline unless a particularly egregious complaint comes up, in which case, the Board should have a hearing. Ms. Schneider noted that if the Board adopts the standard operating procedures proposed, the Board would not hear a complaint within 30 days of an election, regardless of its severity. Chairman Alcorn agreed that the Board would not have discretion, unless discretion was written into the procedure. Vice Chair Wheeler suggested adding a clause that the Board would have the option of having a hearing within those 30 days. Chairman Alcorn raised the concern that the option could lend the Board to being accused of picking and choosing complaints they find politically strategic. Secretary McAllister asked what would define an egregious complaint and how the Board would make that determination.

Commissioner Piper said he used to work in campaign finance on this issue, and discussed the fact that there could be hundreds of complaints to be heard by the Board. The Board agreed to try the 30-day timeline and monitor how it goes. Chairman Alcorn moved the Board adopt the enclosed process for the Department of Elections' handling of complaints alleging violations of Chapter 9.5 Stand by Your Ad with the modifications made by the Board, and the Board request that staff prepare a report regarding the timeline on when complaints are received in regards to the 2018 elections. Secretary McAllister seconded the motion and the motion passed unanimously. Chairman Alcorn requested the

standard operating procedure be turned into a regulation. Commissioner Piper assured the Board that ELECT would get the process started, and noted that there were a number of outstanding SBYA complaints that ELECT would get to the Board soon.

The next item on the agenda was to review a memo in the working papers. Ms. Schneider recommended the Board request ELECT staff prepare memorandum before any SBYA hearings to clarify items of ambiguity or previous requests the Board made to staff in the past. One of the three memos would be in regards to express advocacy, and would be drafted alongside the Office of the Attorney General (OAG). The memo could serve as a resource document and guide for SBYA complaints, which often concern the issue of express advocacy. Chairman Alcorn requested language in the memo be changed, specifically in section 3, where he suggested "CF" (campaign finance) be changed to SBYA. The second memo would provide a proposed schedule of civil penalties. The third memo concerned exacerbating ameliorating factors. Chairman Alcorn moved that the Board direct the Department to evaluate and propose a policy on factors for considerations in SBYA hearings; prepare the analysis with recommended improvements to the existing schedule of civil penalties; and provide a mental consultation with OAG regarding interpretation and application of express advocacy, to include a review of past decisions by this Board, federal, and state courts. Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously.

The next order of business was regarding the Prince William Audit. Ryan Mulligan, Election Training Administrator at Prince William County, asked the Board for permission to conduct a pilot audit in the May 1 town election to help develop procedures for §24.2-671.1. Mr. Mulligan stated the audit would create an opportunity to test four different methods of auditing: a recount, a hand count, and two statistical tests. The audit would take place on May 10, 2018 in Prince William County.

Chairman Alcorn asked if the Board has to grant permission for counties to do these audits, and if the Board has to approve procedures under the Code. Robin Lind, Electoral Board Member for Goochland County, pointed to §24.2-671.1, part C, which states, "All audits shall be performed in accordance with procedures prescribed by the State Board under the supervision of the local electoral board." Mr. Lind said no procedures had yet

been developed by the Board, and said the Prince William County audit could serve as a test to help create procedures that could go into effect on July 1.

Commissioner Piper said he spoke with Michele White, Prince William County General Registrar, and asked Ms. White to provide more information on the procedures as they're developed. ELECT strongly supports the audit, as it gives an opportunity to develop procedures prior to July 1. Commissioner Piper said as ELECT receives updates on what procedures are being developed, the updates could be forwarded to the Board for consideration, comments, and concerns.

Chairman Alcorn suggested the Board delegate the duties of procedures to the Commissioner, and said he would approve the audit if the Commissioner agrees with the procedures. Ms. Iles stated that the Norfolk Electoral Board is interested in conducting a statistical audit in May, and did not realize they would need Board permission to conduct one. Ms. Iles suggested that Norfolk work with Prince William County on developing procedures.

Cameron Sasnett, Fairfax County General Registrar, brought up the last paragraph in §24.2-671.1, which states, "At the conclusion of each audit...the board shall announce publicly the results of the audit...The announcement shall include a comparison of the audited election results and the initial tally for each machine audited, and an analysis of any detected discrepancies." Mr. Sasnett voiced concerns that if Prince William County plans on running four separate audits and there are discrepancies found, that there would be liabilities for the locality. Chairman Alcorn agreed that if the audits with different results from other audits appeared, there would be a problem.

Vice Chair Wheeler stated that the last paragraph of the bill is the goal of the bill—to study the accuracy of ballot scanning machines in order to give voters confidence in new voting equipment. The Vice Chair said it is important to find out a method of running audits to test the machines for accuracy and consistency, and if Norfolk runs a similar audit, the Board hears the results of it.

Chairman Alcorn said there would likely be time at the next Board meeting before May, and before Norfolk would conduct the audit, and to further discuss it. Chairman Alcorn moved the Board approve the audit in Prince William County, utilizing procedures

that are agreed upon by the Prince William Electoral Board and Commissioner Piper.

Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously.

The next order of business was a review of DemTech and the November 2017 election. Commissioner Piper introduced Mike Brown, and informed the Board that DemTech provides electronic pollbook (EPB) support solutions to over 90 localities. ELECT received reports from 14 localities of errors regarding EPBs on Election Day in November 2017. Mr. Brown said DemTech did run into a small number of problems with localities, and worked to address the issue, find a solution, implement the solution, and then work to be sure the issues would not happen again. Mr. Brown stated there was not a question of the validity of the machines, and that the machines worked but did have slowdowns. Mr. Brown said that feedback from localities stated the machines were not working correctly, but that was not the case.

Commissioner Piper stated he spoke to localities that experienced issues and the localities reported that DemTech was quick and efficient when problems were reported. The Commissioner stated the issues arose from communication errors between EPBs at the polling places, but that ELECT has been working with DemTech since the November 2017 elections to get all versions up to date and working together. Commissioner Piper reiterated Mr. Brown's point that the machines were not broken, and were in fact secure.

Secretary McAllister asked what steps could be taken to fix the issue of the slowdown. Mr. Brown assured the Board that a fix had been put in place to fix localities that had the issue. Vice Chair Wheeler said that most of the issues regarding this topic were resolved before the Board or ELECT were even aware they were happening, and stated it was a small issue that did not impair voters in the ability to access polling places to vote.

The next item on the agenda was to conduct a drawing by lot for the placement of names on the primary election ballot. Commissioner Piper informed the Board there would be no drawing at this meeting, but that there would be another meeting scheduled to conduct it. The Commissioner noted the Board had the ability to delegate the duty to ELECT if requested, but informed that the deadline for certification of candidates would be on April 3 and suggested April 4 as a meeting time to conduct the drawing. Chairman

Alcorn said he would, but the Vice Chair and Secretary were available to hold the meeting in Northern Virginia on April 4.

The next order of business was an open discussion by the Board members. Vice Chair Wheeler discussed the problems with the interface between the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) and ELECT/the Voter Electronic Registration Information System (VERIS). The Vice Chair stated that nearly every day, a general registrar would report a problem regarding this interface. The Vice Chair discussed reports in the November 2017 election where students were having issues voting, as updating information at the DMV would result in their polling places being changed. Chairman Alcorn asked what the Board's goal in having the discussion was, noting that these issues are programming issues being worked on by the DMV and ELECT staff. Vice Chair Wheeler clarified that the goal was to see which localities had these issues, how the localities dealt with the issues, and what response the localities received from DMV regarding them. Chairman Alcorn asked if the few general registrars in the audience would be a representative sample of the issues being experienced. Vice Chair Wheeler said she was asking if the DMV had been changing voters' registration based on updates to their licenses, and how localities dealt with provisional ballots that had been submitted regarding this issue. Chairman Alcorn stated the answer to that question would be from computer systems rather than general registrars. Vice Chair Wheeler stated the Board should make a blanket statement regarding the handling of these provisionals, since they were handled differently amongst localities. The Board making a statement could provide some uniformity. Chairman Alcorn agreed to hear from locality representatives and how they handled this particular situation.

Win Sowder, City of Williamsburg General Registrar, stated the issue was a misunderstanding between students on how and where to register. Students get confused between whether to register at their dorms or university living spaces or at their permanent address with their parents. Ms. Sowder said the issue is finding a way to communicate how and where students should be registering to the students. Ms. Iles agreed that education is the solution. Jake Washburne, Albemarle County General Registrar, said Albemarle had this issue and did not count the provisional ballots. Mr. Washburne asked if there is a way to make the registration issue clearer to students. Mr. Sasnett noted that many universities no longer use mailbox systems, using new technologies to direct mail

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and leaving students unsure of mailing addresses. Mr. Sasnett asked how to make sure students have the opportunity to vote on campus, notably when these mail issues are occurring within universities. Kate Hanley, Fairfax County Electoral Board member, stated a number of students no longer have mailing addresses, which creates issues in communicating important voter information to them via mail.

Chairman Alcorn acknowledged the questions and concerns, but asked what the Board's role is in this issue. Commissioner Piper stated ELECT is going through regulations, and is working with association leadership to find a solution. The Commissioner pointed to third party registration training as a solution, and said ELECT is working on regulations and policies as well as training.

Ms. Iles raised further concerns regarding DMV and how the processing of applications led to duplicate registrations or incomplete applications, notably when updating addresses. Due to this issue, election offices are struggling with scanning alpha cards to transmit to other localities, which creates delays, high mailing costs, and high printing costs. Ms. Iles suggested DMV update how protected voter status is offered and that DMV provide a transaction number so issues could be linked together. Ms. Iles also suggested ELECT have a staff lawyer to provide legal guidance to localities, and have communication on IT changes from ELECT more frequently. Ms. Iles stated that the current system needs to be cleared against a social security number list, as there are allegedly a number of invalid social security numbers coming from third party registration groups.

Ms. Birkenheier clarified that the Office of the Attorney General represents the Board, but cannot give legal advice to localities. Chairman Alcorn stated that ELECT staff cannot give legal advice to localities either. Ms. Iles clarified she was requesting legal advice regarding changes or updates to policy or Code that ELECT is making. Chairman Alcorn noted the General Assembly is responsible for updating Code, and that ELECT has staff who have Bar licenses, but are not attorneys. The Chairman said the Attorney General is legal counsel to the Board and ELECT. Chairman Alcorn recognized the issues concerning DMV, and said the Commissioner assured that ELECT is working with DMV to resolve issues as quickly and accurately as possible.

Mr. Washburne voiced frustration at the lack of legal guidance, asking for an authoritative interpretation of Code that could be provided to localities. Mr. Sasnett noted the Board has the authority to state interpretations of Code, and that localities are receiving issues that lead general registrars to be hesitant on stating whether a voter is registered. Mr. Sasnett said the interpretations of law make a big impact on how localities do their jobs.

Vice Chair Wheeler noted the discussion being held was the reason for regular Board meetings, stating the Board had not met for a general meeting since October of 2017. The Vice Chair said the Board's responsibility is to listen to concerns from localities and act in tandem with ELECT to find solutions.

The Vice Chair then asked about the exact methods used for reporting and receiving Virginia data to the voter registration cross check program as the next item in open discussion. Commissioner piper said ELECT could send that information to the Board for discussion in the next meeting. The Commissioner shared ELECT had dates ready for the 2018 annual training that would be announced by Monday, March 26.

Chairman Alcorn moved to the next item on the agenda, regarding a review of the November 2017 general election. Chairman Alcorn said the Board planned to have a debrief on how things went, but was unsure if anything was prepared considering the unique situations that arose from the election. Vice Chair Wheeler discussed the issue in Fredericksburg City and Stafford County, where voting districts were being populated incorrectly. The Vice Chair stated she was informed ELECT knew of multiple jurisdictions that were mispopulated before the congressional race two years earlier, and submitted that every locality look at its own jurisdiction and be sure that it is populated correctly. The Vice Chair requested that localities that do not have mapping capabilities receive assistance from ELECT, and that all localities submit verification that all localities are populated correctly before the next election.

Commissioner Piper informed the Board that ELECT is working with localities and the process the Vice Chair described is in process. Vice Chair Wheeler asked if the Board could have a report at the next meeting, and the Commissioner agreed to give a status report. Ms. Iles stated several localities were contacted by the Division of Legislative Services (DLS) to provide district files in preparation for upcoming redistricting.

Vice Chair Wheeler discussed ballot printing and proofing by local vendors, asking the Board if localities could use local printers to print ballots as opposed to bigger vendors. The Vice Chair pointed out there is no certification process for printing vendors, unlike required certification for voting machines. Chairman Alcorn was unsure if there were any Code sections permitting or forbidding it. Vice Chair Wheeler submitted that the Board and ELECT look into the question. The Chairman stated if the printers meet the requirements in the Code, he did not see an issue with it given there are no certification requirements to be met; however, the Chairman suggested the Board and ELECT research precedent and legality of the question. Ms. Birkenheier stated if there were legal concerns, localities should consult with their local attorneys. Mr. Fox encouraged the Board to have a detailed discussion regarding this issue, as vendors certify printers in order to meet their standards and the issue is complex and requires further attention.

The next item on the agenda was to cover the 2016 and 2017 GREB Workgroup reports. Ms. Hanley said the Board received the reports electronically, and would like a discussion from the Board about what items can be done and what feedback the members may have. Chairman Alcorn shared he asked Commissioner Piper to do a review of the report. Ms. Hanley noted one item on the report is the revision of evaluation forms for general registrars, and Chairman Alcorn said he had input for that. Vice Chair Wheeler asked if the discussion could take place at the next Board meeting. Commissioner Piper asked for clarification on what ELECT is being asked to do in regards to the report, and the Chairman replied ELECT should have recommendations on projects and review if there would be operational or procedural difficulties on any of the items mentioned.

Ms. Hanley asked if the Workgroup could be helpful as a sounding board or data collections, as the group would like to be available in any way moving forward. Mr. Lind mentioned that Deputy Commissioner Bowman came to the last GREB Workgroup meeting and shared the importance of improved communication, patience, and cooperation.

The last item on the agenda was to set future Board meeting dates. Commissioner Piper described a 6 week rotation for Board meetings, which would allow ELECT to provide the Board with materials two week ahead of any meeting time. Meetings would also be placed around important deadlines regarding certification and election

requirements. Chairman Alcorn agreed to a baseline of dates, which could have more added if needed. Secretary McAllister asked for suggested dates. Vice Chair Wheeler suggested the Board meet every month until after November in order for the Board to get outstanding items in order. Chairman Alcorn stated six weeks would be fine if there are clear action items set for the meetings.

Mr. Fox spoke regarding the May Town Election, and on the tight deadline between candidate certification to candidates qualifying for the ballot. Mr. Fox asked that someone suggest legislation to move certification a week out so vendors have an extra week for proofing and media burning; this solution would also assist ELECT staff and localities.

Chairman Alcorn then moved to adjourn the meeting. Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously. The meeting was adjourned at approximately 2:00 PM. The Board will next meeting on April 4, 2018 to conduct the ballot drawing to set the order for the June primary elections.

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